We narrow down our focus so we can discuss in detail how UCON can be realized in architecture level:

- Sensitive information protection
- First systematic study for generalized security architectures for digital information dissemination
- Architectures can be extended to include payment function
Three Factors of Security Architectures

- **Virtual Machine (VM)**
  - runs on top of vulnerable computing environment and has control functions

- **Control Set (CS)**
  - A list of access rights and usage rules
  - Fixed, embedded, and external control set

- **Distribution Style**
  - Message Push (MP), External Repository (ER) style

Architecture Taxonomy

- **VM**: Virtual Machine
- **CS**: Control Set
- **MP**: Message Push
- **ER**: External Repository

- **NC1**: No control architecture w/ MP
- **NC2**: No control architecture w/ ER
- **FC1**: Fixed control architecture w/ MP
- **FC2**: Fixed control architecture w/ ER
- **EC1**: Embedded control architecture w/ MP
- **EC2**: Embedded control architecture w/ ER
- **XC1**: External control architecture w/ MP
- **XC2**: External control architecture w/ ER
No Control Architecture w/ Message Push (NC1)

- Distributor directly sends a copy of digital contents to each recipient
- Each recipient stores the copy of digital information at local storage
- After distribution, no direct means to control the distributed digital information
- To access the digital information from multiple system, the recipient needs to transport the information

No Control Architecture w/ External Repository (NC2)

- Digital information is sent to an external repository server for distribution
- A recipient must connect to the external repository to access the digital content
- Once a recipient has received the digital contents, there is no way to control access or usage
Fixed Control Architecture w/ Message Push (FC1)

- Digital content is encapsulated in a digital container
- Control set is encoded into virtual machine
- The control set cannot be changed after the distribution of the virtual machine
- Access is controlled based on control set
- Each recipient should keep the received information for further access to it

Fixed Control Architecture w/ External Repository (FC2)

- Similar to FC1, except that digital container is sent to external repository for distribution
- A recipient must connect to the external repository to access or download the digital container
- Accessibility to the content by a single recipient from multiple computers
Embedded Control Architecture w/ Message Push (EC1)

- Control set is embedded in the digital container with digital information
- Distributed content will be controlled based only on the preset access rights and usage rules
- After distribution, distributor cannot change the control set of the distributed digital content
- Recipients can access digital content without any network connection
- Only pre-set revocation is available

Embedded Control Architecture w/ External Repository (EC2)

- Digital container is sent to the external repository server for distribution
- If digital container is prohibited from being locally stored, the distributor can revoke a previous granted access by changing control set
External Control Architecture w/ Message Push (XC1)

- Control set can be encapsulated independently from digital content
- Two possible options:
  - Network connection is always required
  - Network connection is required from time to time (one time connection is possible)

External Control Architecture w/ External Repository (XC2)

- Separation of content and access rights
- 4 variations
  - Both encapsulated digital content and encapsulated control set can be stored on recipient’s local storage
  - Encapsulated digital content is freely available, but control set cannot be locally stored
  - Only encapsulated control set can be stored
  - Neither can be stored locally
# Commercial Solutions

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