

Object-Tagged RBAC Model for the Hadoop Ecosystem

Maanak Gupta, Farhan Patwa, and Ravi Sandhu

**Institute for Cyber Security and Department of Computer Science
University of Texas at San Antonio**

**31st Annual IFIP WG 11.3 Working Conference on Data and Applications Security and
Privacy (DBSec 2017), Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, July 19-21, 2017**

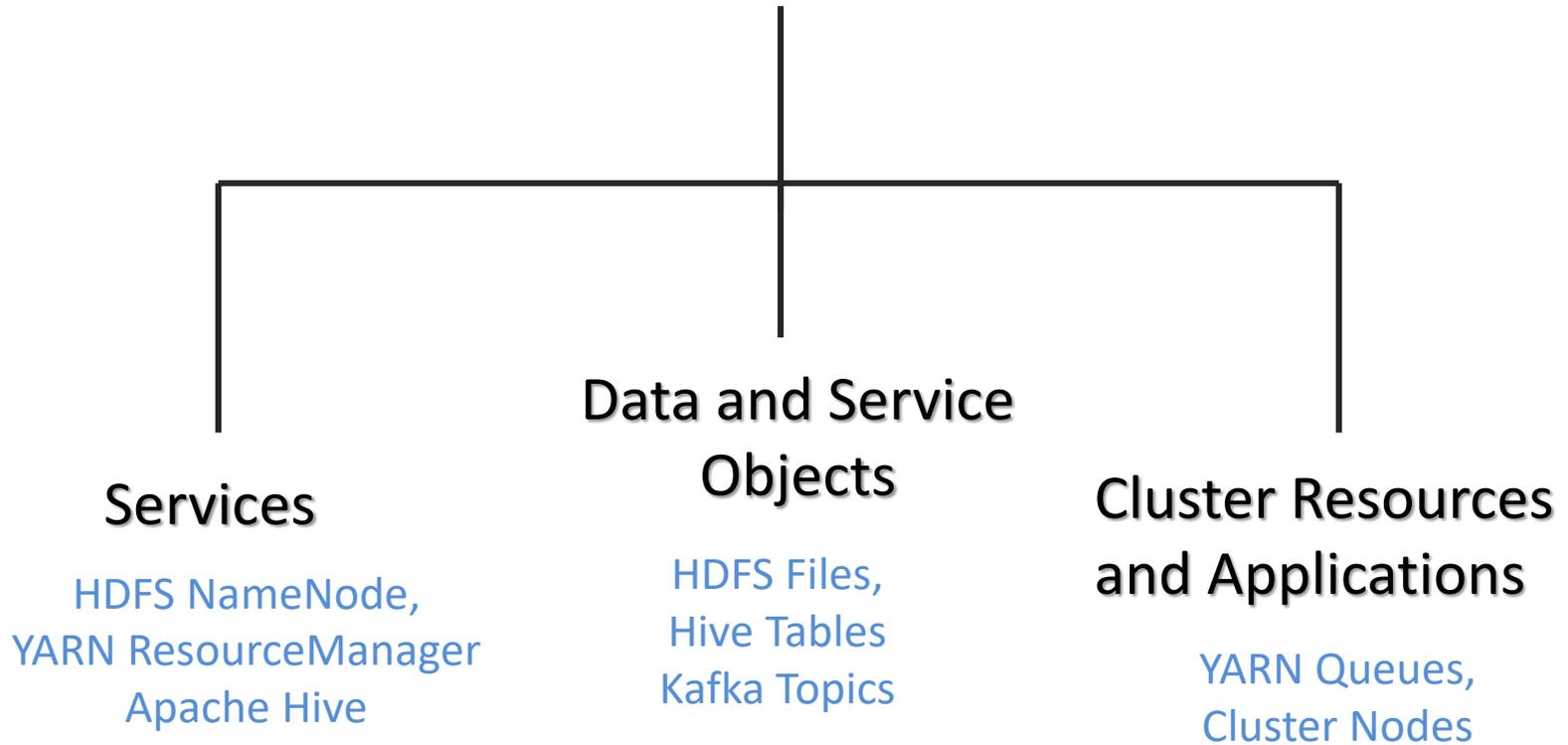
- Introduction and Motivation
- Multi-layer Access Control
- Authorization Architecture
- Hadoop Ecosystem Access Control Model
- OT-RBAC Model
- Proposed Implementation
- Attribute Based Extensions to OT-RBAC
- Conclusion

- IDC 2025 :
 - ❖ global “datasphere” – 163 zettabytes
 - ❖ 10x than 2016
- Opportunities: 21st century gold for data miners
- Big Data require “Big Systems”

Security:

- Secure Storage
- Privacy Concerns (eg: HIPPA)
- Fine granular access requirements

- Hadoop: resilient, cost efficient distributed storage (HDFS) and processing framework (MapReduce) and YARN
- Ecosystem = Hadoop core +
Open-Source Projects
- Hadoop Data Lake
- Security Concerns



User	Service Name / Type	Resource Name / Type	Result	Access Enforcer
guest	Sandbox_knox knox	default/WEBHDFS service	Denied	ranger-acl

(a) Ranger logs

Policy Details :

Policy Name * enabled

Knox Topology * include

Knox Service * include

Allow Conditions :

Select Group	Select User	Permissions
<input type="text" value="Select Group"/>	<input type="text" value="x guest"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow <input type="checkbox"/> Deny

(b) Ranger Policy for Knox

security.admin.operations.protocol.acl **hadoop service group**

security.client.datanode.protocol.acl **all users allowed**

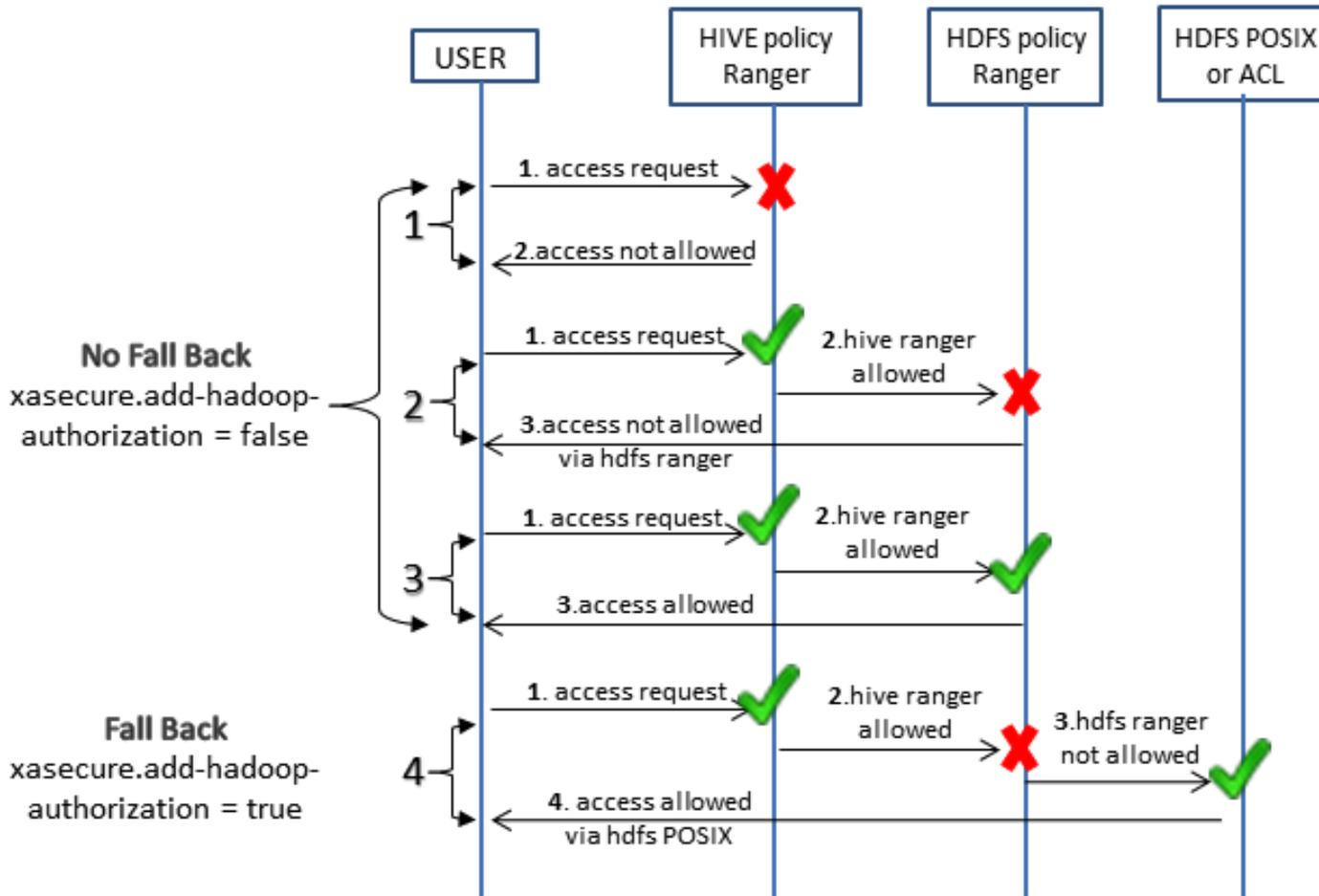
security.client.protocol.acl **all users and groups allowed**

security.datanode.protocol.acl

security.inter.datanode.protocol.acl

Hadoop Daemons Access Configuration

WebHDFS Access via Apache Knox



Hive and HDFS Access Configurations

Column	Tag
location	
ssn	Confidential x +

(a) Tag association (Atlas)

Policy Name	Groups	Users
EXPIRES_ON	public	--
PII column access polic	-	raj_ops
Confidential Data	-	raj_ops

(b) Tag Based Policy (Ranger)

Service Details :

Service Name *	Sandbox_hive
Description	hive repo
Active Status	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enabled <input type="radio"/> Disabled
Select Tag Service	Sandbox_Tag x v

(c) Enabling Tag Policy in Hive (Ranger)

raj_ops	Sandbox_hive hive	default/employee/ssn @column	SELECT	Allowed	[Confidential]
---------	----------------------	---------------------------------	--------	---------	----------------

data column
tag

(d) Ranger Logs

Tag Based Policy Configuration

Hive Database *

table *

Allow Conditions :

Select User	Policy Conditions	Permissions
<input type="text" value="x raj_ops"/>	location-outside : US	All <input type="button" value="edit"/>

(a) Ranger Policy

```
IP_ADDRESS_FROM, IP_ADDRESS_TO, COUNTRY_CODE
10.245.121.X, 10.245.124.X, US
19.145.123.X, 19.145.124.X, CN
21.245.25.X, 21.245.25.X, IN
```

(b) Text File

```
1 "id": 25,
2 "service": "Hive",
3 "resources": {
4   "database": {
5     "values": [
6       "foodmart"
7     ],
8   },
9   "table": {
10    "values": [
11      "*"
12    ],
13  }
14 }
15 "policyItems": [
16 {
17   "accesses": [
18     {
19       "type": "all",
20       "isAllowed": true
21     }
22   ],
23   "users": [
24     "raj_ops"
25   ],
26   "groups": [],
27   "conditions": [
28     {
29       "type": "location-outside"
30       "values": [
31         "US"
32       ]
33     }
34   ],
35 }
```

(c) JSON Policy

Geo Location Based Policies

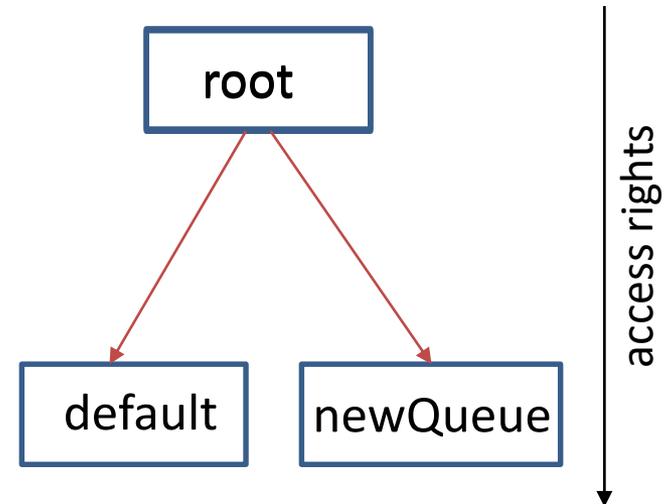
```

yarn.acl.enable  true   yarn.admin.acl  root
yarn.scheduler.capacity.root.queues=default,newQueue ← child queues
yarn.scheduler.capacity.root.acl_administer_queue= root ← no user
yarn.scheduler.capacity.root.acl_submit_applications=
yarn.scheduler.capacity.root.default.acl_submit_applications= raj_ops
yarn.scheduler.capacity.root.newQueue.acl_administer_queue= maria_dev
yarn.scheduler.capacity.root.newQueue.acl_submit_applications= maria_dev
yarn.scheduler.capacity.queue-mappings=u:maria_dev:newQueue
yarn.scheduler.capacity.queue-mappings-override.enable=false
    
```

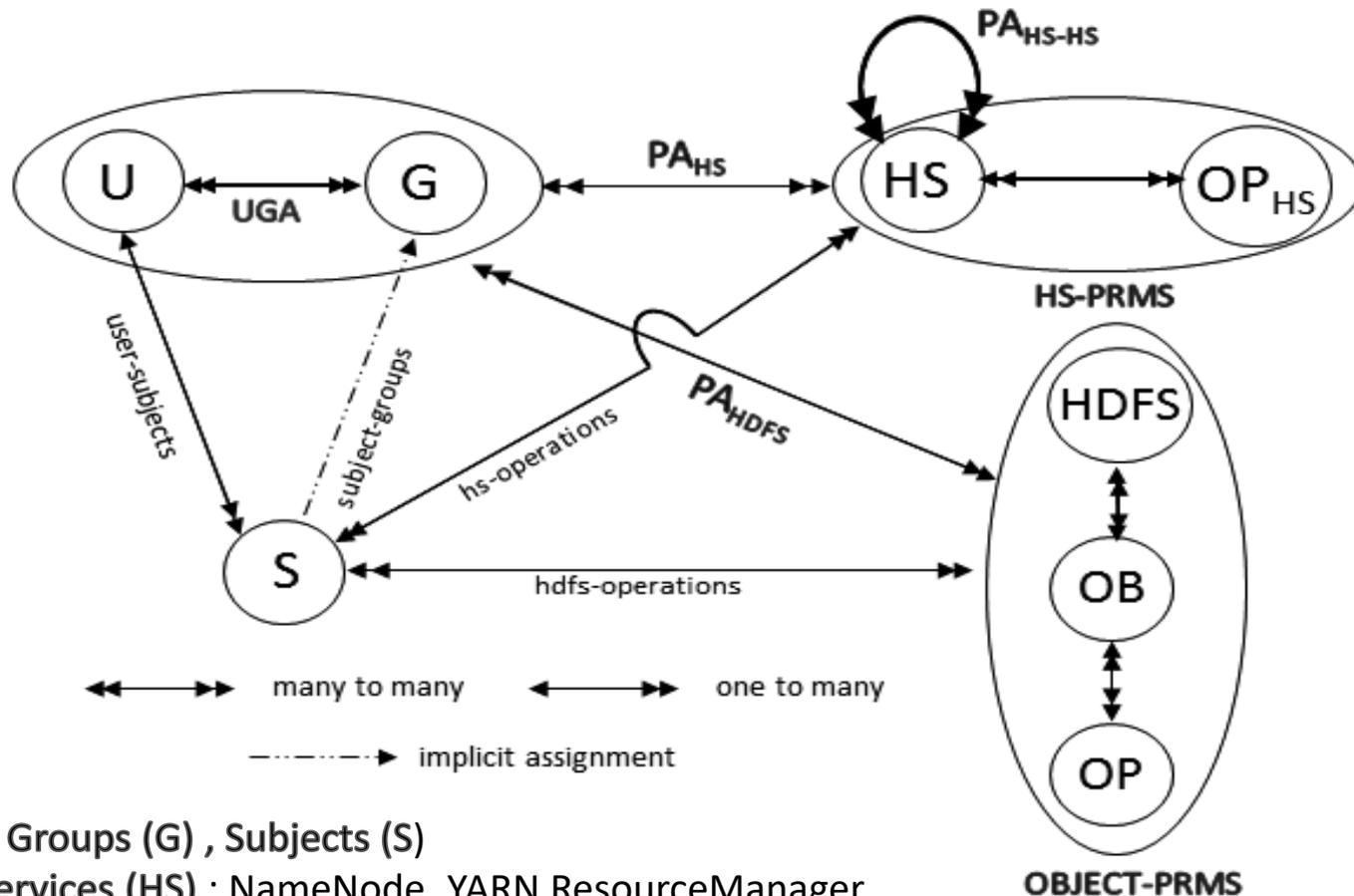
(a) Capacity Scheduler configuration (YARN)

<pre> Queue acls for user : raj_ops Queue Operations ===== root default SUBMIT_APPLICATIONS newQueue </pre>	<pre> Queue acls for user : root Queue Operations ===== root ADMINISTER_QUEUE default ADMINISTER_QUEUE newQueue ADMINISTER_QUEUE </pre>
<pre> Queue acls for user : maria dev Queue Operations ===== root default newQueue ADMINISTER_QUEUE , SUBMIT_APPLICATIONS </pre>	

(b) ACL s for different users



YARN Queue Access Control Configuration



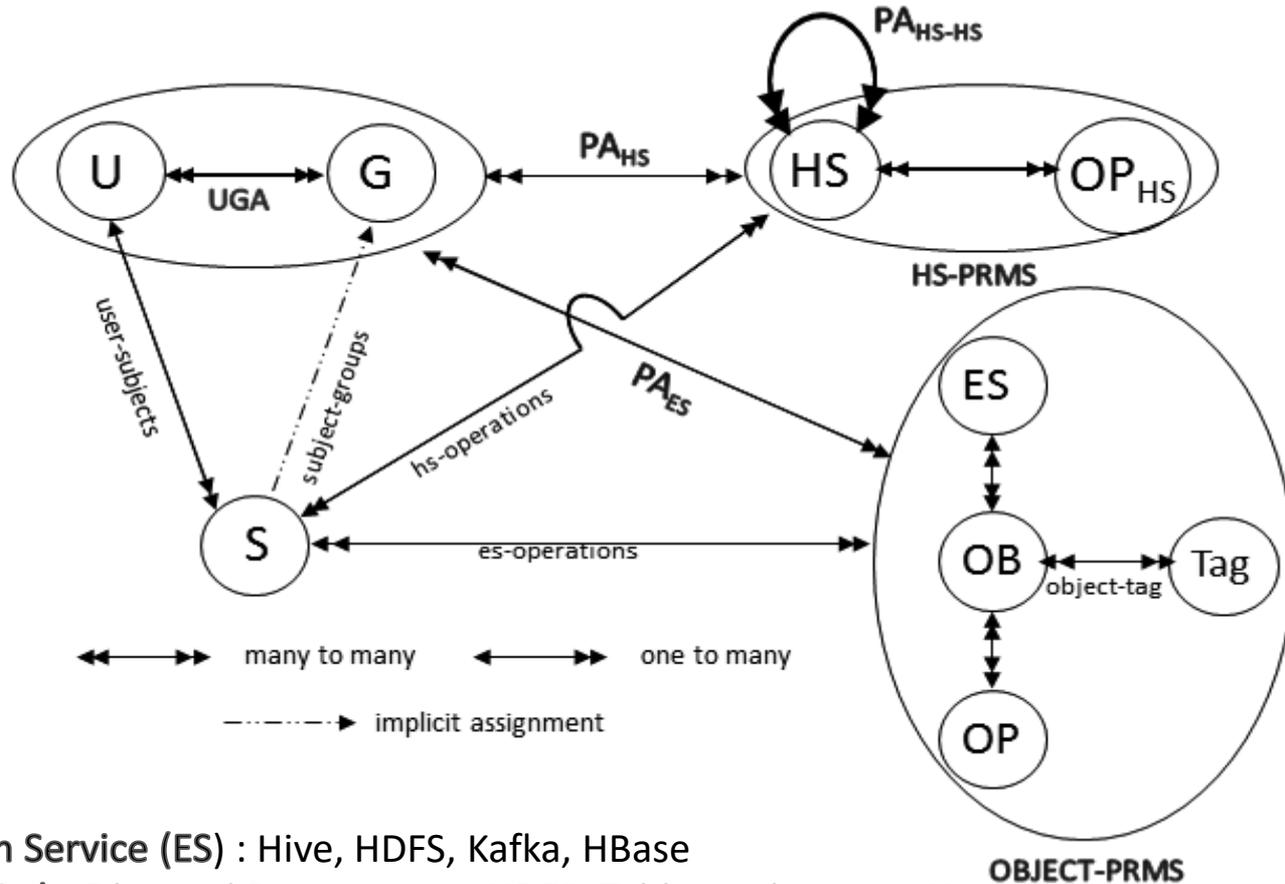
Users (U), Groups (G) , Subjects (S)

Hadoop Services (HS) : NameNode, YARN ResourceManager

Hadoop Service Operations (OP_{HS}) : access / communicate

Objects (OB) : Files and Directories in HDFS

Operations (OP) : read, write, execute

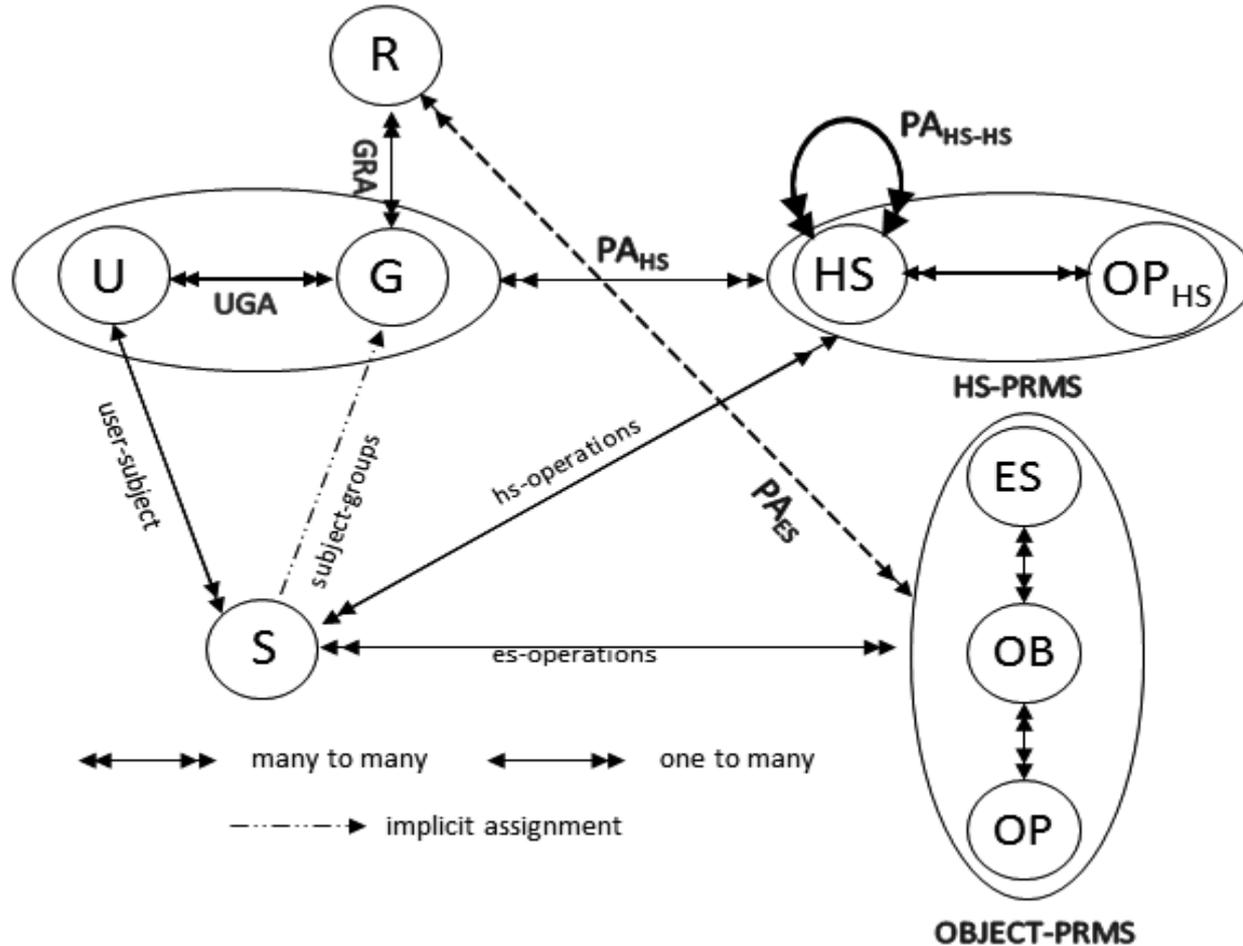


Ecosystem Service (ES) : Hive, HDFS, Kafka, HBase

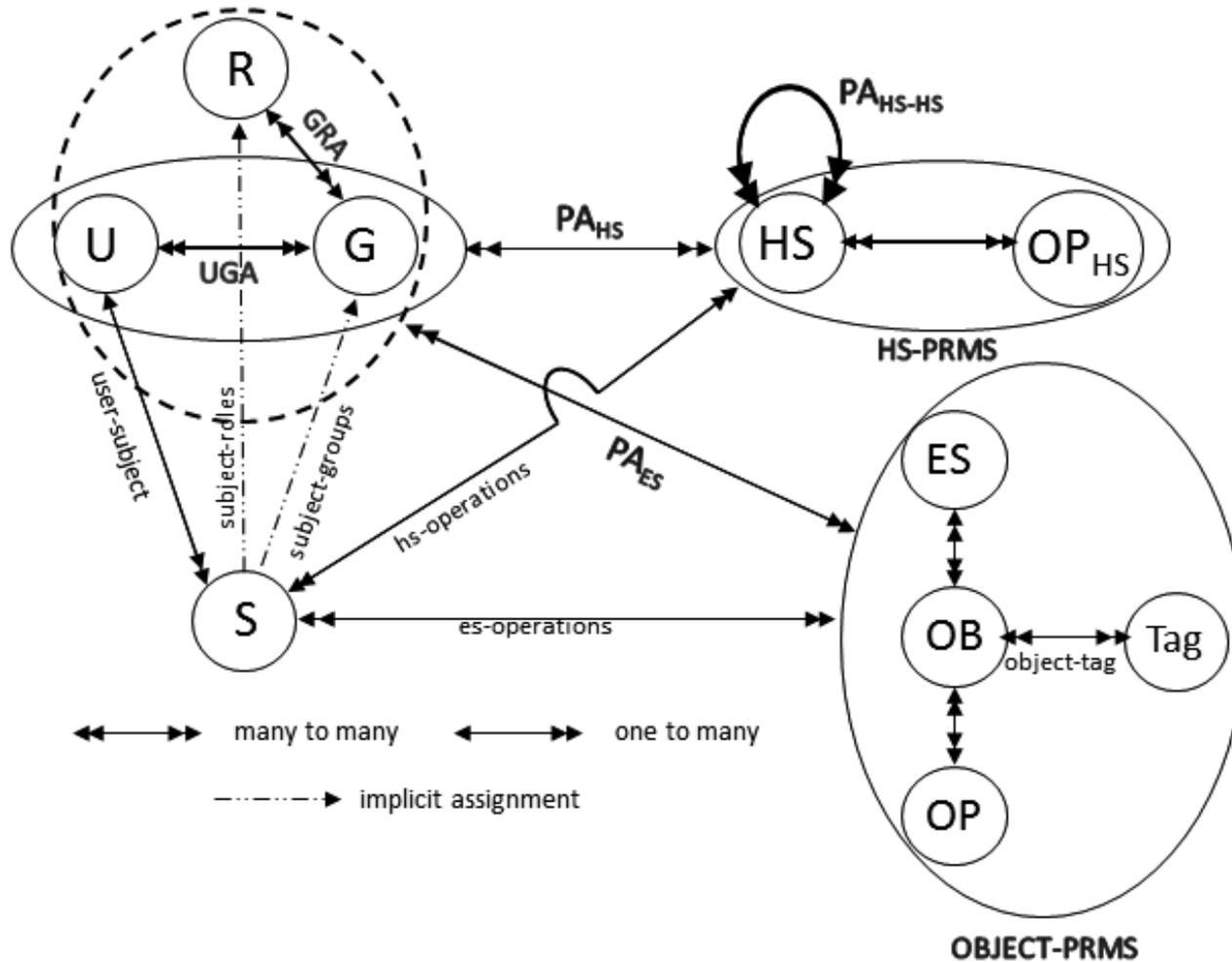
Objects (OB) : Files and Directories in HDFS; Tables, columns in Hive

Operations (OP) : read, write, execute, select, create

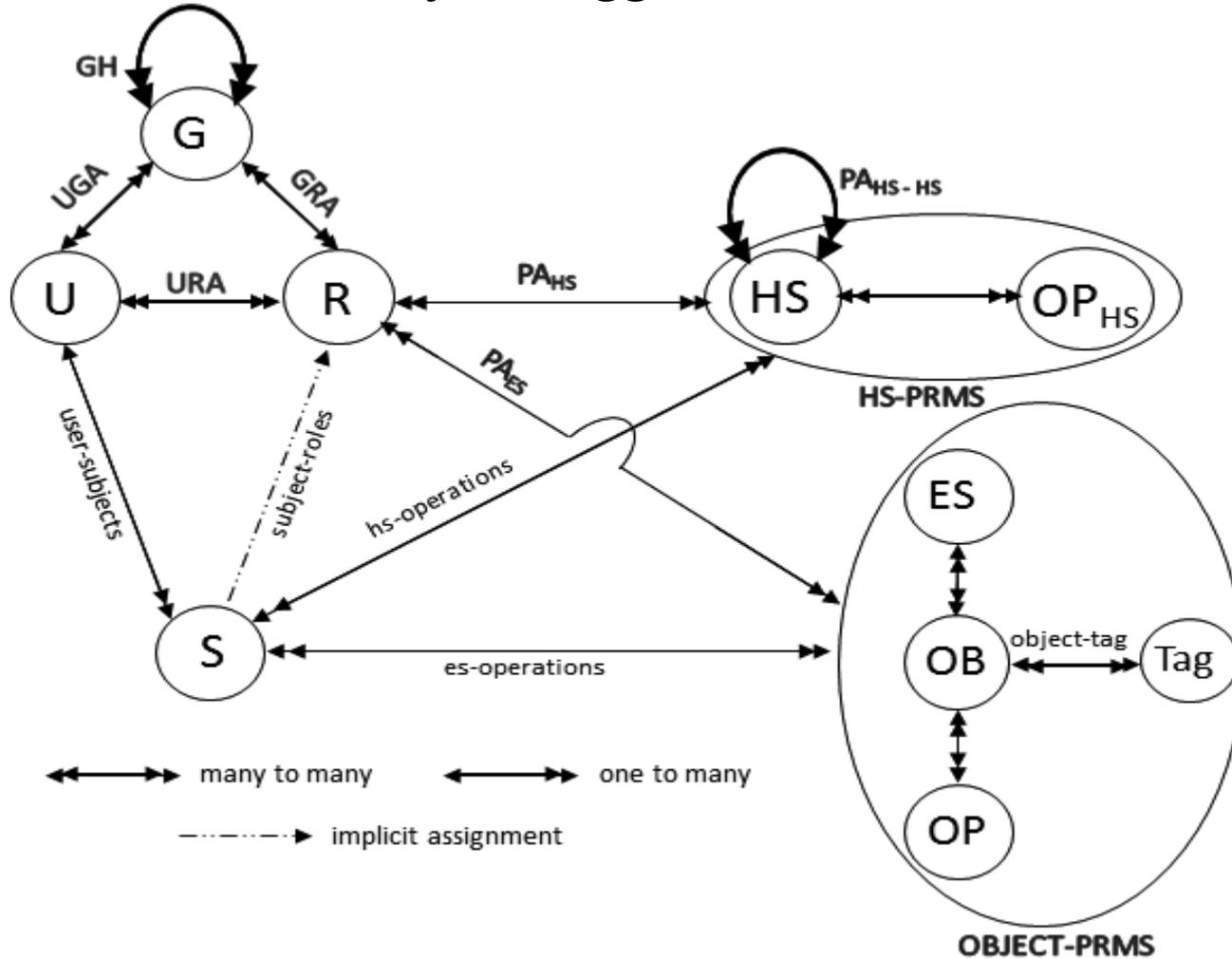
Tag : PII, top-secret

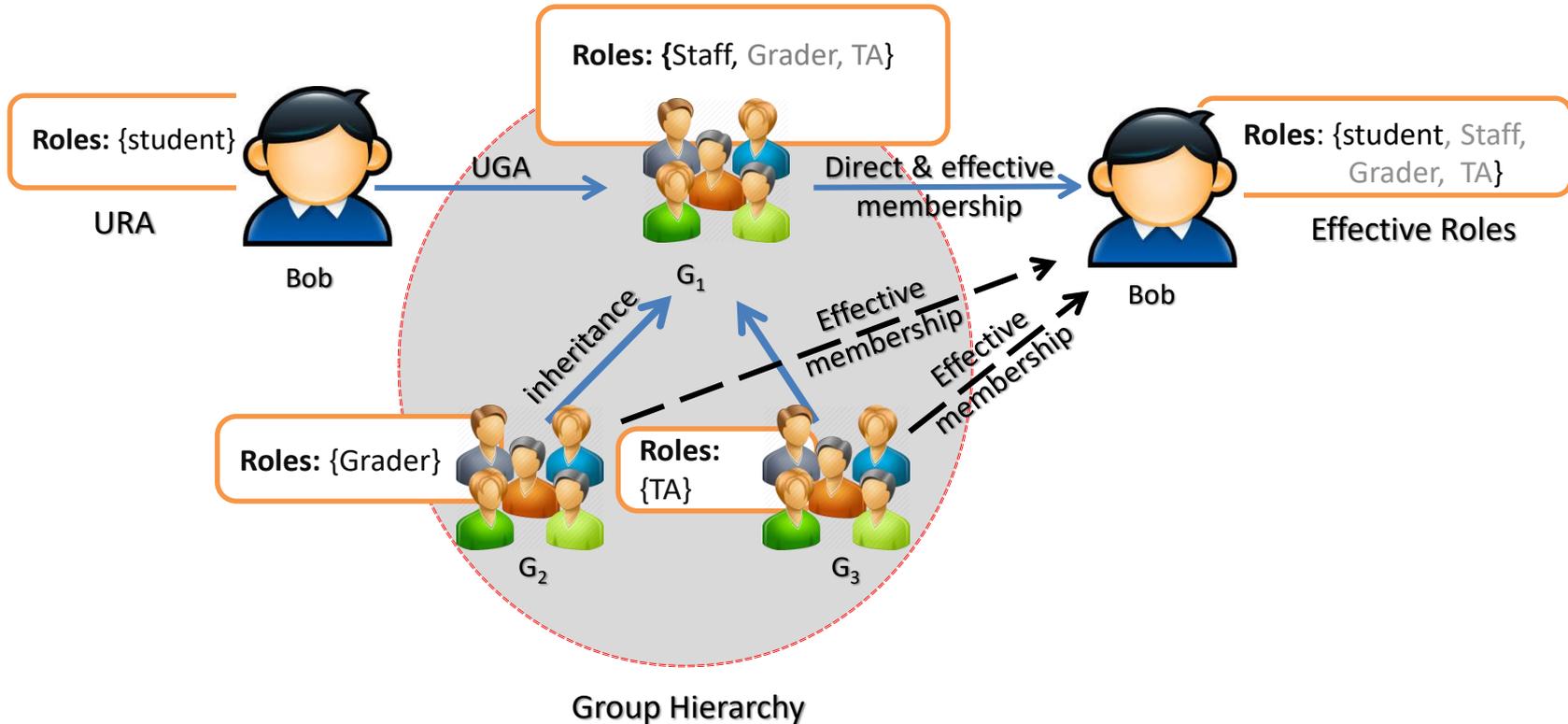


Hadoop Ecosystem Access Control Model

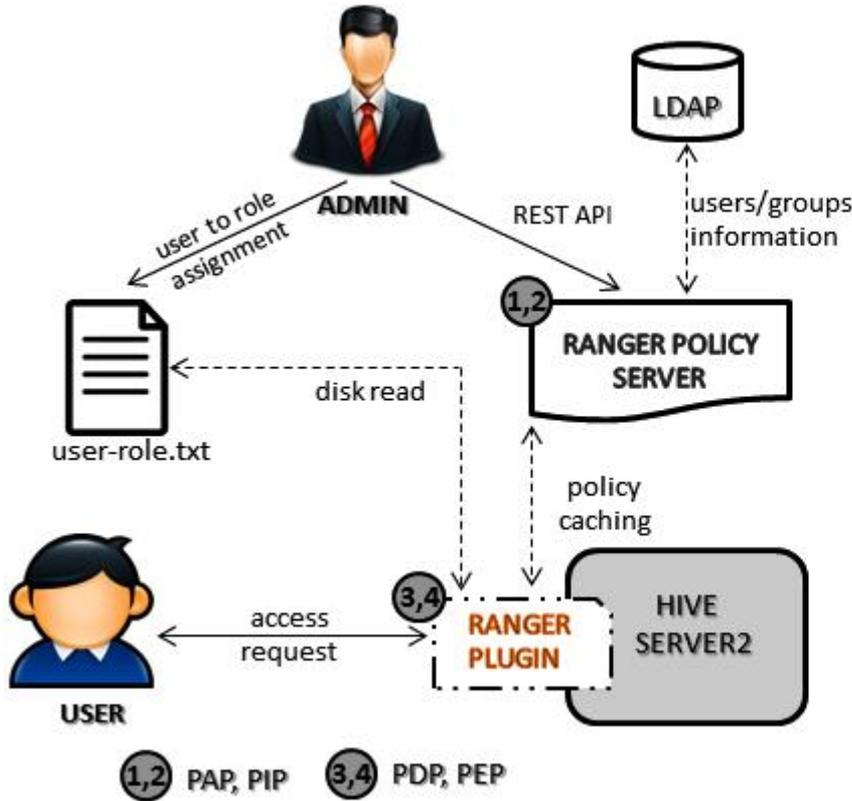


Object-Tagged RBAC





Major Benefits: Easy Administration where multiple roles can be assigned to user with single administrative operation.



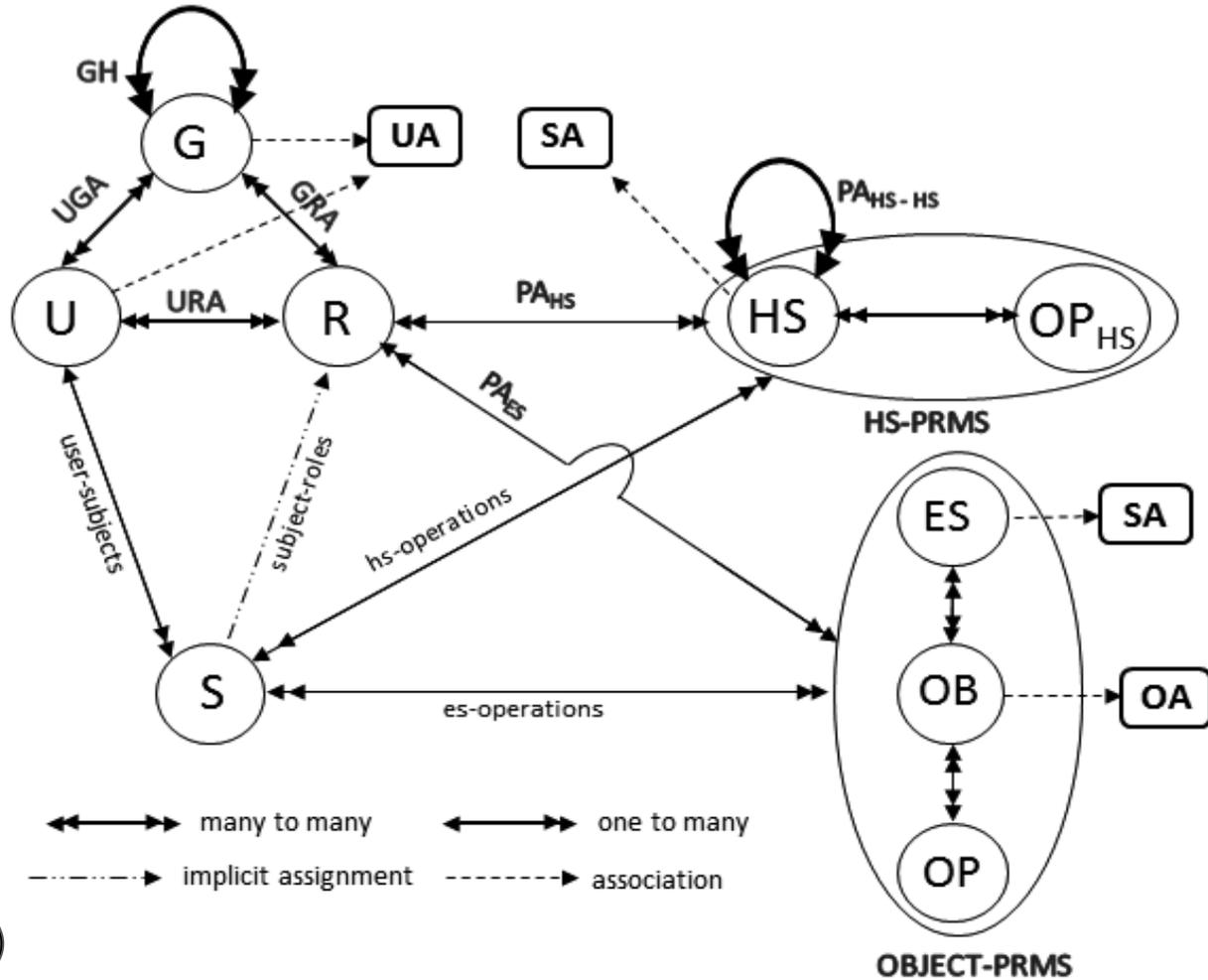
```

{id
  "id": 25,
  "service": "Hive",
  "name": "Sample Policy",
  "resources": {
    "database": {
      "values": [
        "foodmart"
      ],
    }
  },
  "policyItems": [
    {
      "accesses": [
        {
          "type": "select",
          "isAllowed": true
        }
      ],
      "users": [
        "user1"
      ],
      "conditions": [
        {
          "type": "Roles",
          "values": [
            "customer,owner"
          ]
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}

```

Annotations for the code block:

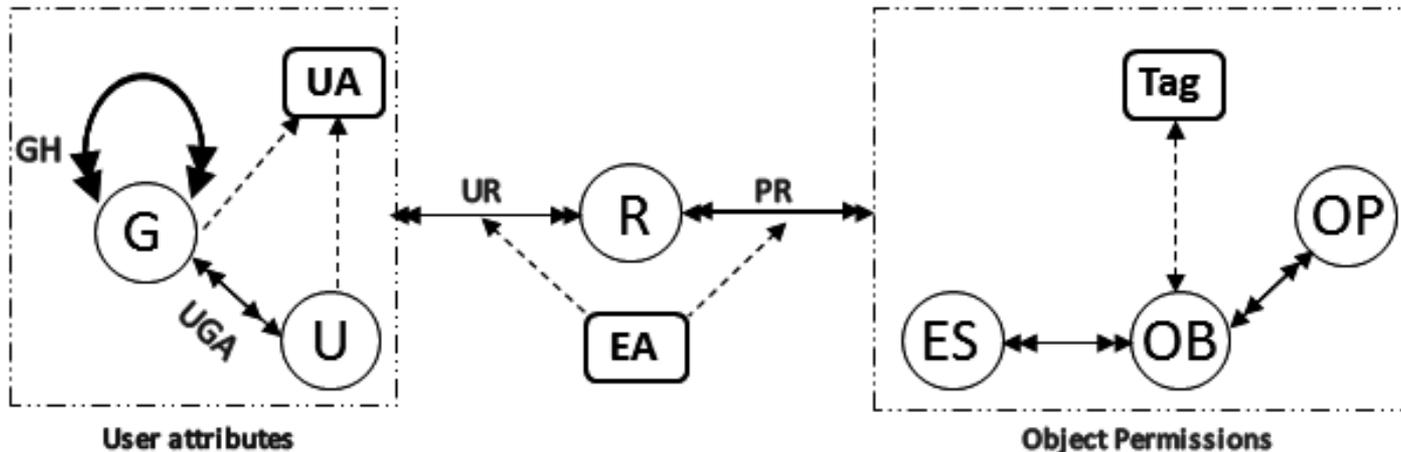
- ← object (points to "values" array)
- ← operation (points to "type": "select")
- ← users (points to "user1")
- ← roles (points to "customer,owner")



User Attributes (UA)
Service Attributes (SA)
Object Attributes (OA)

↔ many to many → one to many
 - - - - - implicit assignment ····· association

➤ Dynamic Roles



User to Role Assignment:

$\text{jobTitle}(u_1) = \text{director} \wedge \text{optMode} = \text{normal} \rightarrow \text{Admin}$

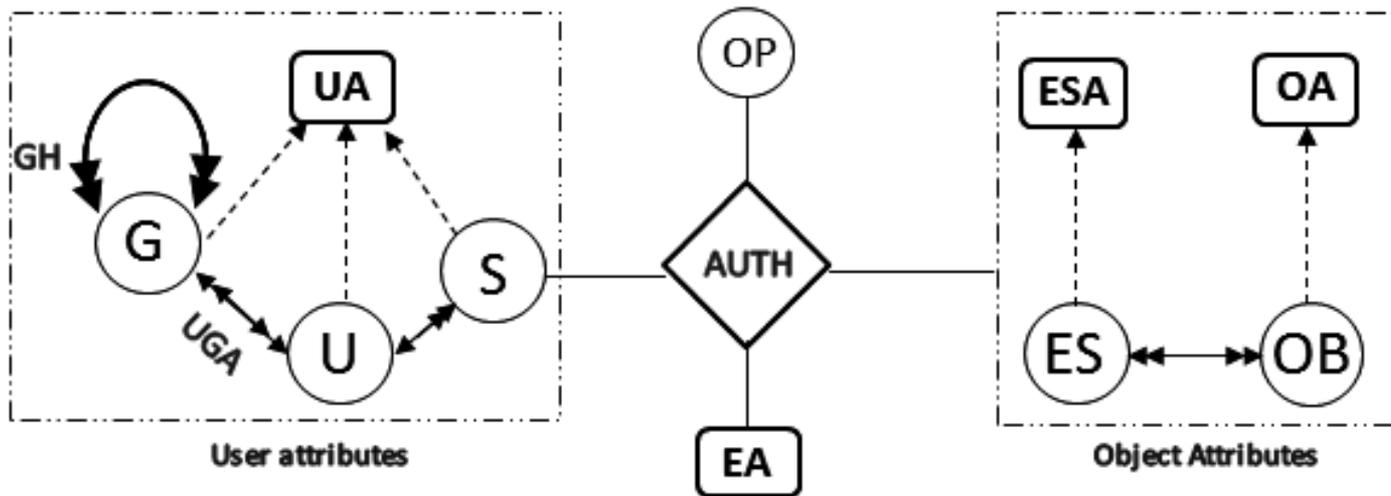
$\text{jobTitle}(u_1) = \text{director} \wedge \text{optMode} = \text{emergency} \rightarrow \text{Faculty}$

Permission to Role Assignment: Permission $P_1 = (\text{es}, \text{op}, \text{tag})$, $(\text{ob}, \text{tag}) \in \text{object-tag}$

$\text{tag} = \text{PII} \wedge \text{op} = \text{write} :: P_1 \rightarrow \text{Admin}$

$\text{tag} = \text{PCI} \wedge \text{op} = \text{write} :: P_1 \rightarrow \text{Faculty}$

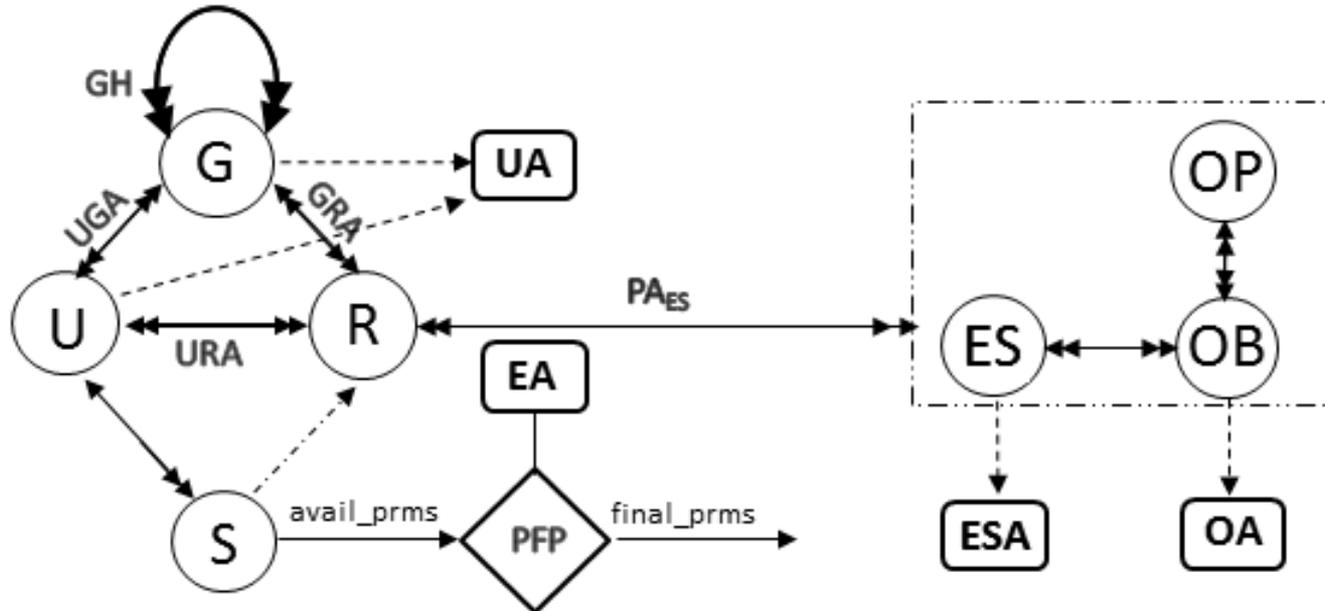
➤ Attribute Centric



Authorization_{write} (s:S, es:ES, ob:OB) :: effective_{jobTitle}(s) = director \wedge access(s,es) = True \wedge name(es) = hdfs \wedge tag(ob) = PII \wedge optMode = normal

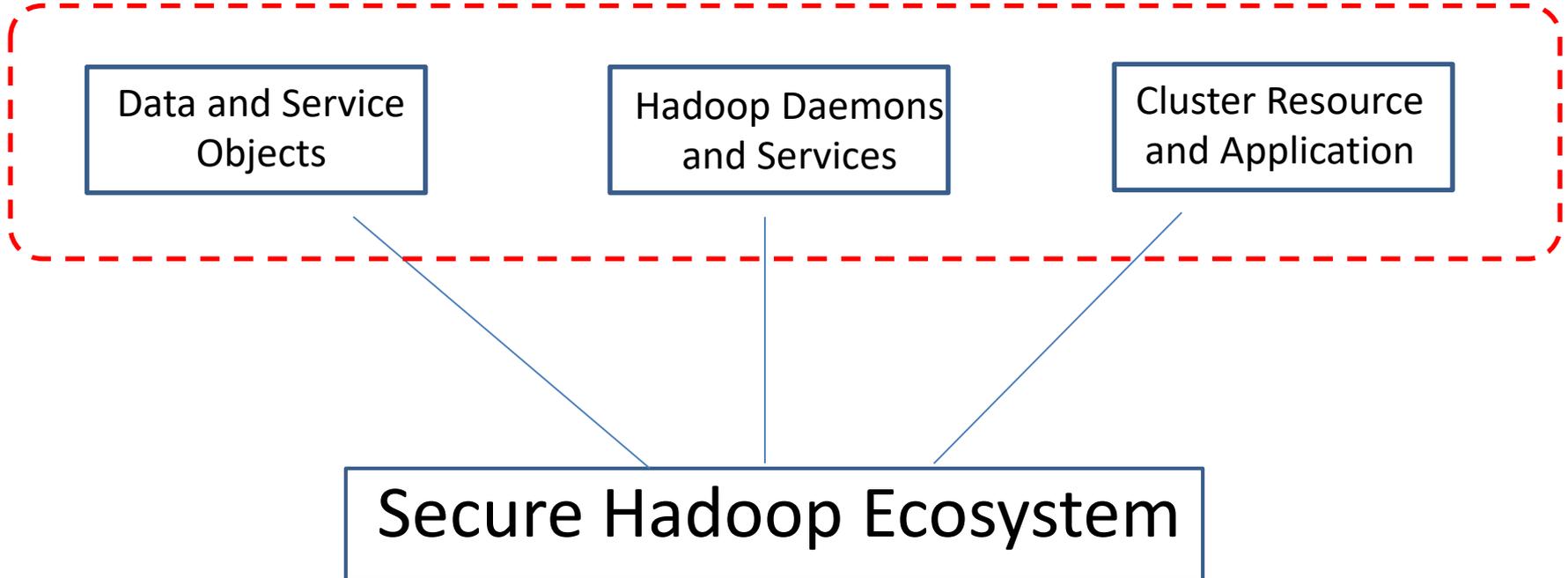
Authorization_{read} (s:S, es:ES, ob:OB) :: effective_{jobTitle}(s) = professor \wedge access(s,es) = True \wedge name(es) = hdfs \wedge tag(ob) = PCI \wedge optMode = emergency.

➤ Role Centric



FAdmin1(s:S, es:ES, ob:OB, write) ::
 $jobTitle(subUser(s)) = director \wedge optMode = normal$

FAdmin2(s:S, es:ES, ob:OB, read) ::
 $jobTitle(subUser(s)) = faculty \wedge tag(ob) = PCI$



- Formalized Conceptual HeAC Model
- Object-Tagged-RBAC Model
- Attributes based extensions

Some Future Goals:

- Introduce Data ingestion security
- Privacy concerns and finer grained approaches in Multi-Tenant Hadoop Lake