

ReBAC in ABAC

by

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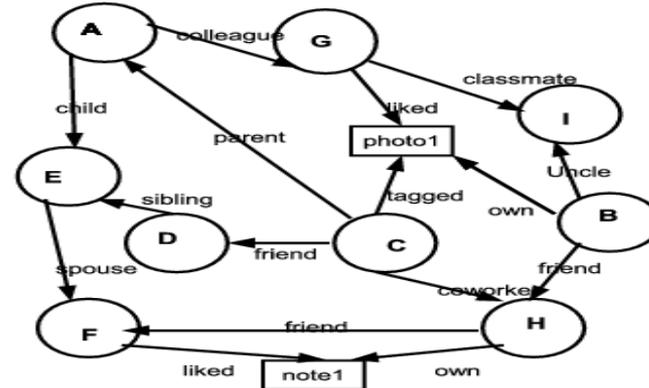
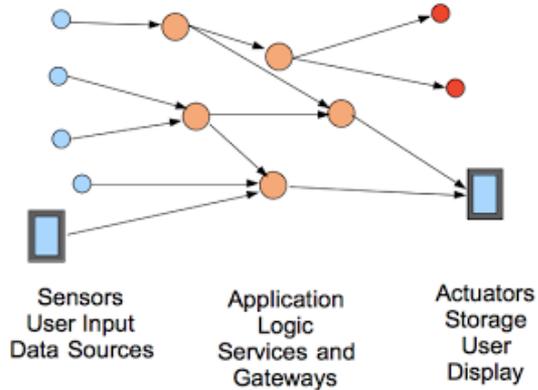
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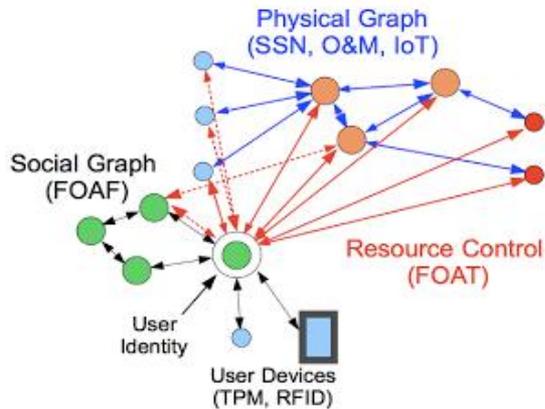
Outline

- Introduction and BackGround
- A Simple ReBAC Model
- Relationships in ABAC
 - Attribute Composition
 - Composite Attribute
- A Composite ABAC Model
- Comparison
 - Expressive Power
 - Complexity

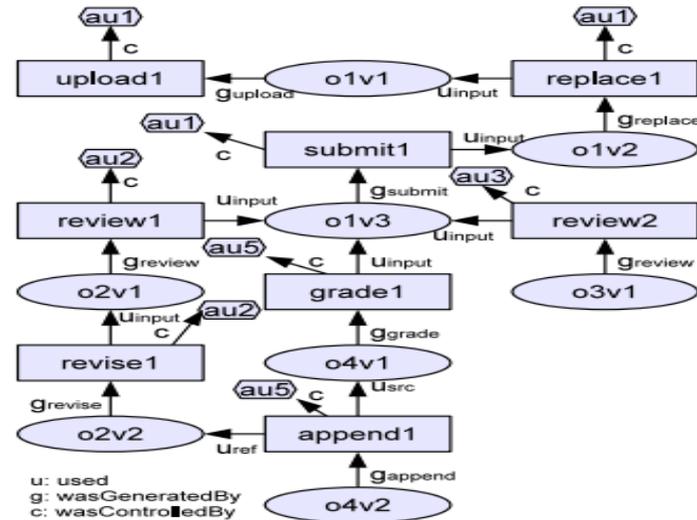
IoT Application is a Graph



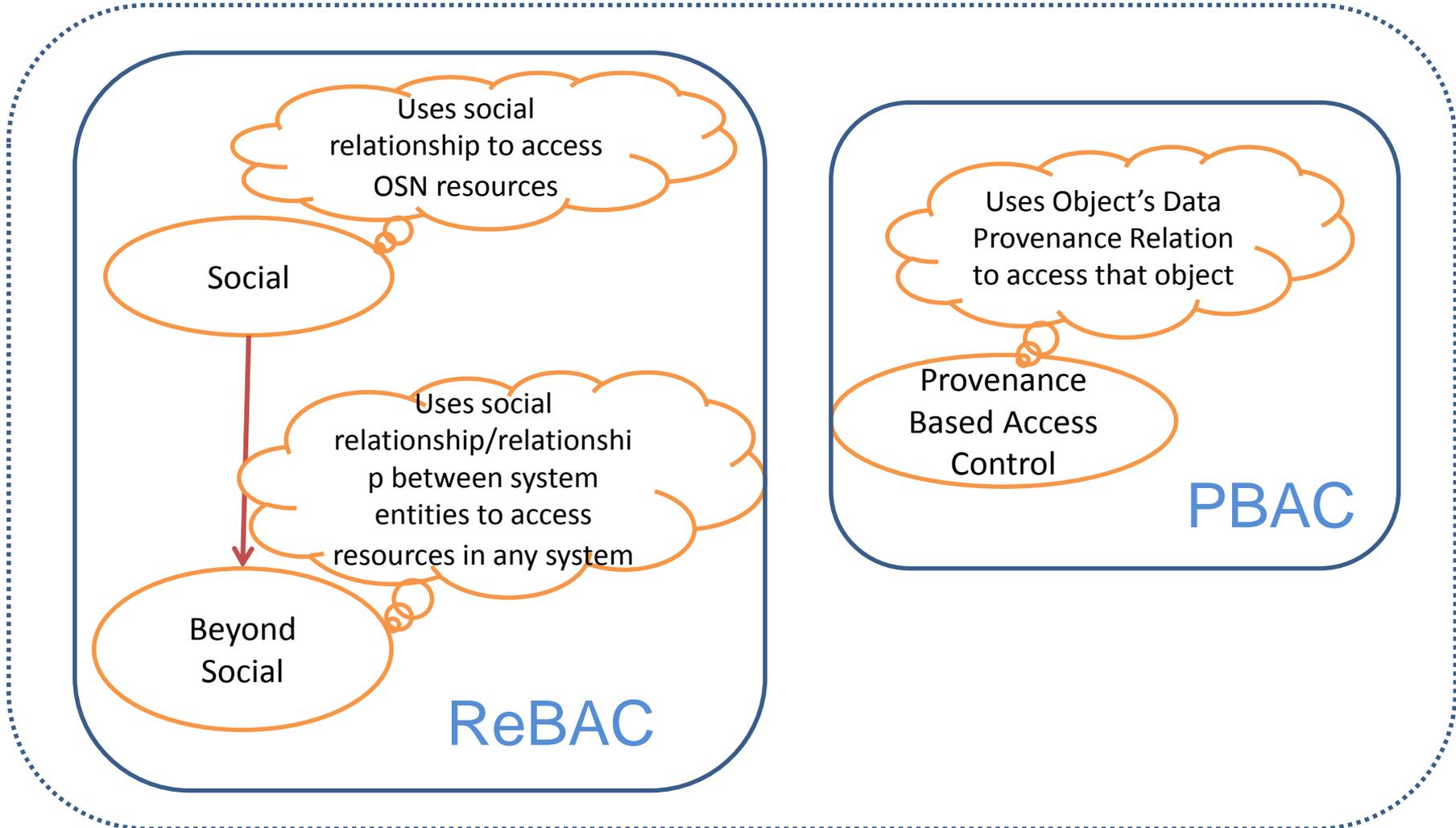
A sample social graph



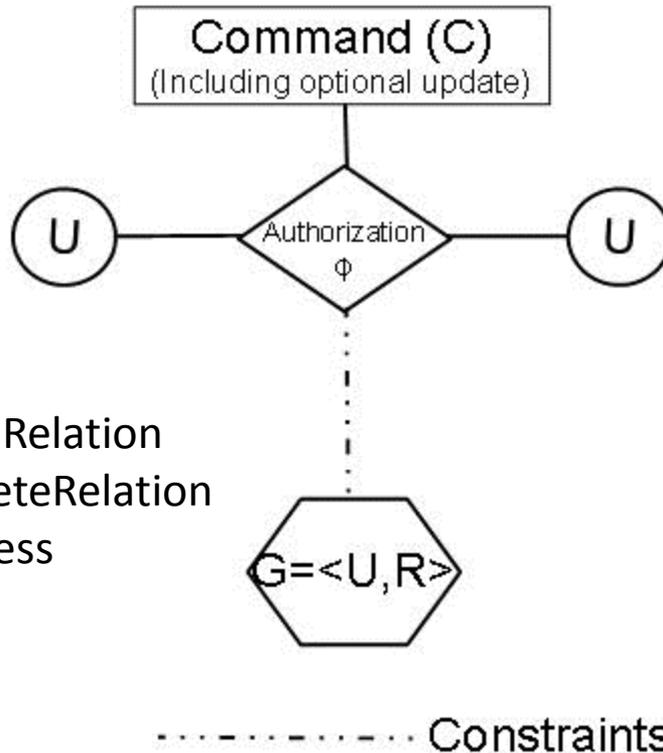
Access control for IOT



A sample Provenance Graph (Park et al. 2012)



- What does relationship based access control mean?
- What are the core characteristics of a ReBAC Model ?

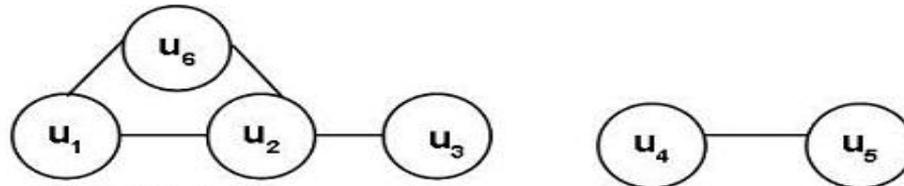


Commands

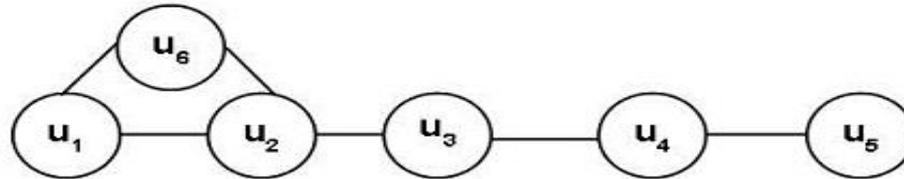
- addRelation
- deleteRelation
- access

An Example Command Instantiation of SReBAC[3]

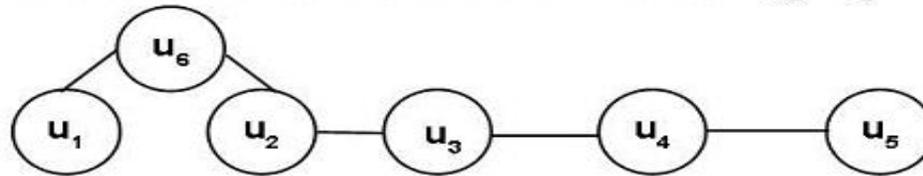
- $\text{addRelation}^3(u_s:U, u_t:U)$
If $u_t \notin P^1(u_s)$ then
 $R \cup = \{u_s, u_t\}$
- $\text{deleteRelation}^3(u_s:U, u_t:U)$
If $u_t \in P^1(u_s) \wedge u_t \notin P^2(u_s)$ then
 $R \setminus = \{u_s, u_t\}$
- $\text{access}^3(u_s:U, u_t:U)$
If $u_t \in P^3(u_s)$ then
allow



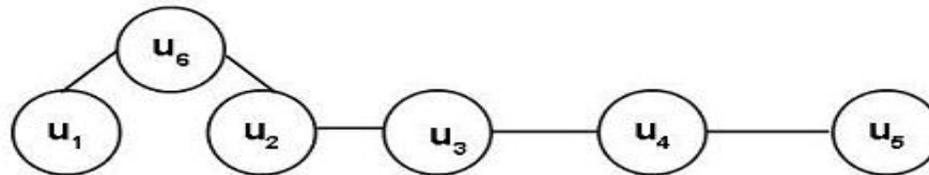
a. Initial state



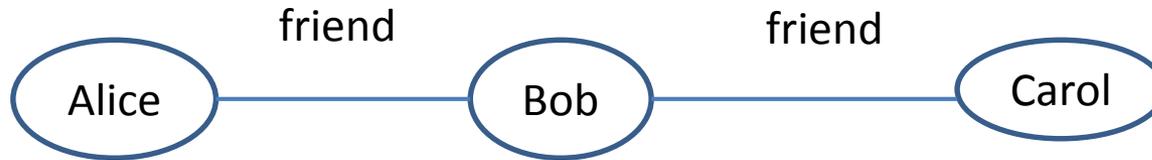
b. After execution of action `addRelation(u3, u4)`



c. After execution of action `deleteRelation(u1, u2)`



d. After execution of action `access(u2, u5)`



Attribute Composition

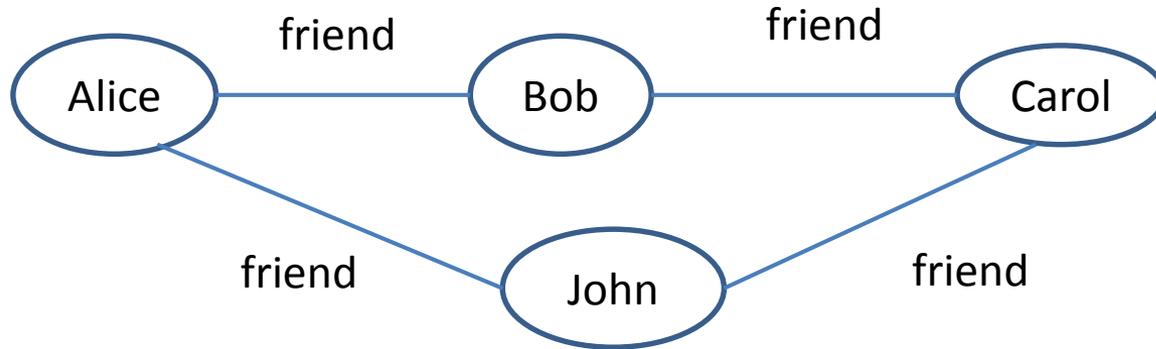
- ❑ Needs one attribute: friend
- ❑ Policy Expression uses Attribute composition

friend(Alice)={Bob}
friend(friend(Alice))={Carol}

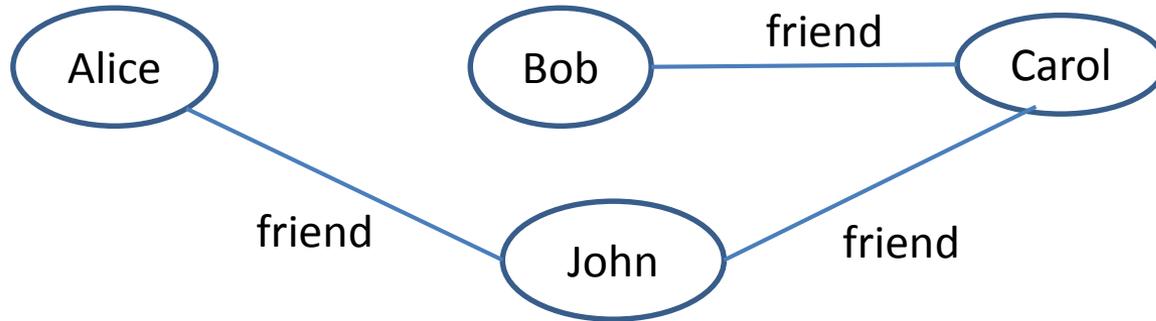
Composite Attribute

- ❑ Needs two attribute
 1. friend
 2. friendoffriend
- ❑ Policy Expression uses direct attributes

friend(Alice) = {Bob}
friendoffriend(Alice)={Carol}



$\text{friend}(\text{Alice}) = \{\text{Bob}, \text{John}\}$
 $\text{friendoffriend}(\text{Alice}) = \{\text{Carol}\}$

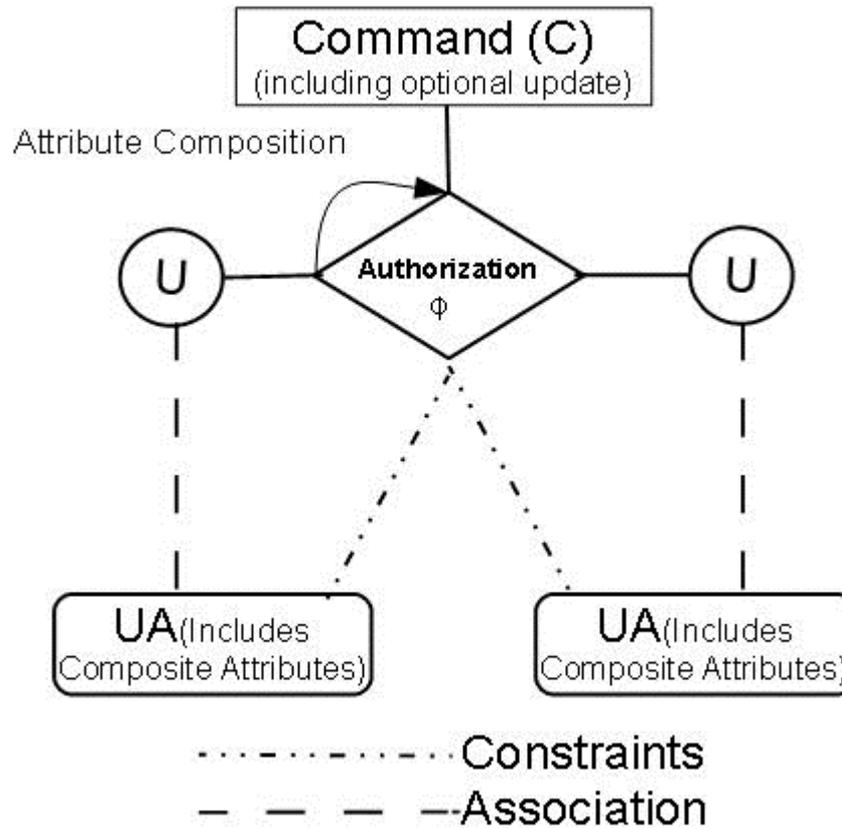


After execution of deleteRelation("Alice", "Bob")

friend(Alice) = {John}
friendoffriend(Alice) = ?

So we need to keep the relationship path information as a value of a composite attribute.

friendoffriend(Alice) = {Bob.Carol, John.Carol}----- Before Deletion
friendoffriend(Alice) = {John.Carol} ----- After Deletion



SReBAC [p] : Can Express Authorization Policy upto level p

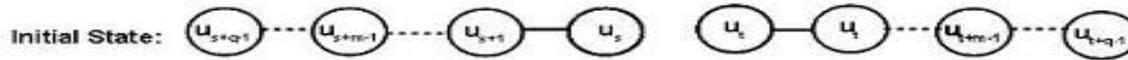
ABAC_C [n,m]: Can do n level attribute composition in authorization policy and has m -1 composite attributes.

So ABAC_C [n,m] can express Authorization Policy upto level n X m

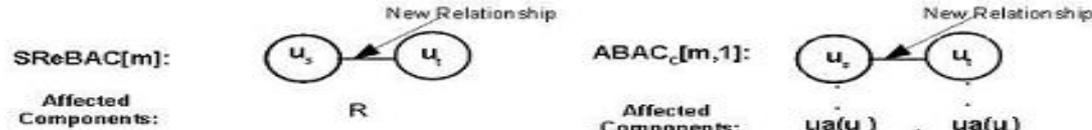
Expressive Power Comparison:

So if $p = n \times m$

SReBAC [p] has same expressive power as ABAC_C [n,m]

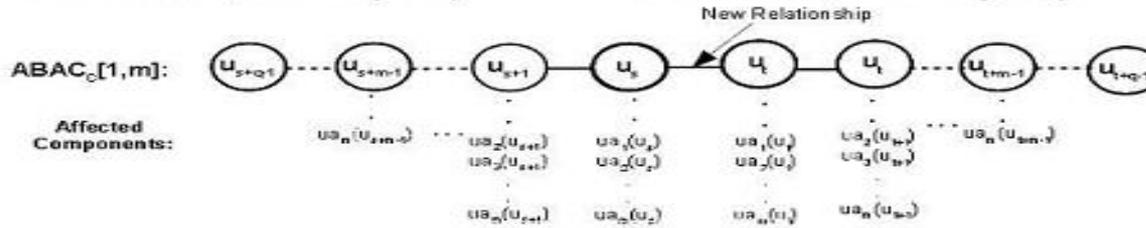


a. Initial state no relationship between u_s and u_t , $m < q$

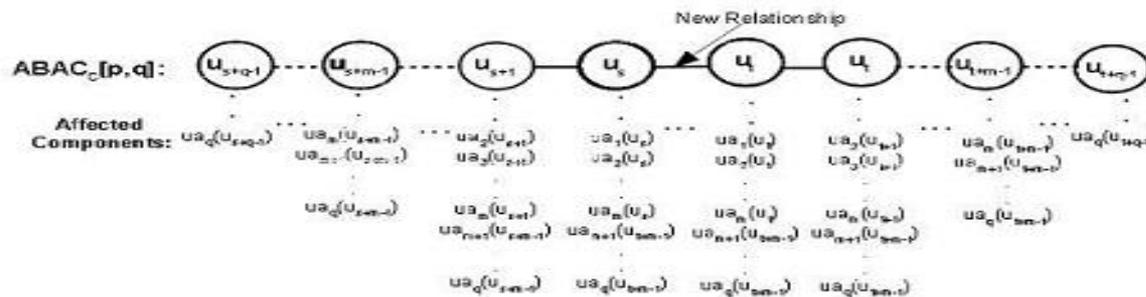


b. Affected Components in SReBAC for a new relationship between u_s and u_t .

c. Affected Components in ABAC_C for a new relationship between u_s and u_t .



d. Update needs for ABAC_C[1,m]



e. Update needs for ABAC_C[p,q]

Complexity Comparison

Performance Parameter	SReBAC[n]	ABAC _C [n,1]	ABAC _C [1,m]	ABAC _C [p,q]
Space Complexity for Maintaining Relationship	$O(U + U ^2)$	$O(U ^2)$	$O(U ^2 \times q)$	$O(U ^2 \times q)$
Time Complexity for Computing Authorization Decision Rule	$O(U ^n)$	$O(U ^n)$	$O(1)$	$O(U ^p)$
Number of update operations need for actions which change relationship	1	2	$ U \times m \times (m+1)$	$ U \times q \times (q+1)$
Cost for update (Worst Case)	$O(1)$	$O(1)$	$O(m)$	$O(m)$

Questions/Comments

